

## SFP-10G-ZR-PLU\*

### 10Gb/s 1550nm SFP+ 80km Transceiver

#### PRODUCT FEATURES

- Up to 11.1Gbps Data Links
- Up to 80km transmission on SMF
- EML transmitter and APD receiver
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- 2-wire interface with integrated Digital Diagnostic monitoring
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Specifications compliant with SFF 8472
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA with LC connector
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Case operating temperature range:0°C to 70°C
- Power dissipation < 1.5 W

#### APPLICATIONS

- 10GBASE-ZR/ZW

#### STANDARD

- Compliant to SFF-8431
- Compliant to SFF 8472
- RoHS Compliant.

\*This spec sheet is also for other vendor compatible units with the last 3 digits of the part number varying based on vendor code. Please see the last page of this specification sheet for a list of vendor codes

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

PLUSOPTIC's SFP+ transceiver SFP-10G-ZR-PLU is designed for use in 10-Gigabit Ethernet links up to 80km over single mode fiber. The module consists of 1550 EML Laser, APD and Preamplifier in a high-integrated optical sub-assembly. Digital diagnostics functions are available via a 2-wire serial interface, as specified in SFF8472. The module data link up to 80km in 9/125um single mode fiber.

### I. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	-	85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	5	-	95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	-	4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		Vcc-0.3	-	Vcc+0.3	V	

### II. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0	-	70	°C	Without air flow	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.14	3.3	3.47	V		
Power Supply Current	ICC	-		450	mA		
Data Rate	BR		10.3125		Gbps		
Transmission Distance	TD		-	80	km		
Coupled fiber		Single mode fiber					9/125um SMF

## V. Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
<b>Transmitter</b>						
Average Launched Power	P <sub>out</sub>	0		4	dBm	Note (1)
Extinction Ratio	ER	6			dB	
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_c$	1530	1550	1565	nm	
Spectrum Band Width (RMS)	$\sigma$			1.0	nm	
SMSR		30			dB	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	P <sub>Off</sub>			-30	dBm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty	TDP			3.0	dB	
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae					
<b>Receiver</b>						
Input Optical Wavelength	$\lambda$	1270		1610	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	P <sub>sen</sub>			-23	dBm	Note (2)
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	P <sub>sat</sub>	-6			dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	R <sub>rx</sub>			-27	dB	
LOS Detect -Assert Power	PA	-32			dBm	
LOS Detect - Deassert Power	PD			-26	dBm	
LOS Detect Hysteresis	PHYS	0.5			dB	

Note:

1. Launched power (avg.) is power coupled into a single mode fiber with master connector. ( Before of Life )
2. Measured with conformance test signal for BER = 10<sup>-12</sup>.@10.3125Gbps, PRBS=2<sup>31</sup>-1,NRZ

## IV. Electrical Characteristics

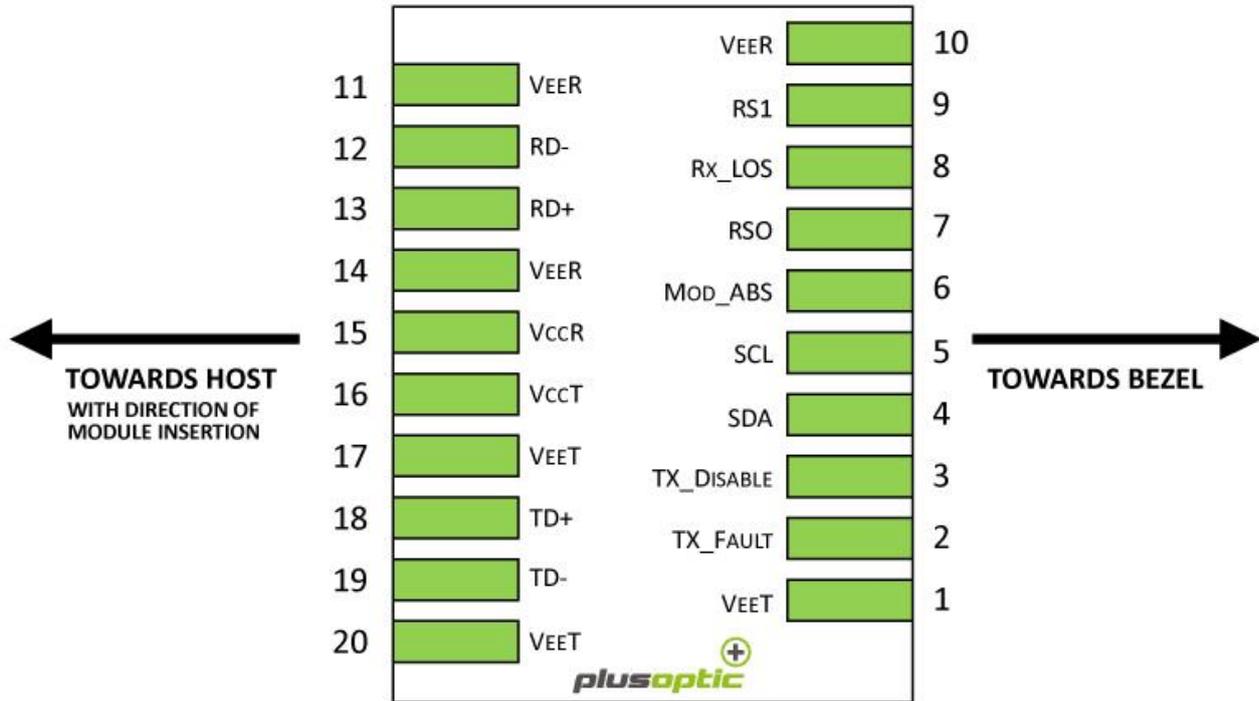
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	NOTE
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Supply Current	Icc			450	mA	
<b>Transmitter</b>						
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	180		700	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	Vee		Vee+ 0.8	V	2
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	
<b>Receiver</b>						
Differential data output swing	Vout,pp	300		850	mV	3
Data output rise time	tr	28			ps	4
Data output fall time	tf	28			ps	4
LOS Fault	VLOS fault	Vcc-1.3		VccHOST	V	5
LOS Normal	VLOS norm	Vee		Vee+0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

### Notes:

2. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
3. Or open circuit.
4. Into 100 ohms differential termination.
5. 20 – 80 %.
6. Loss Of Signal is LVTTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.

Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

## V. Pin Description



Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	NOTE
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T <sub>FAULT</sub>	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T <sub>DIS</sub>	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

### Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
2.  $T_{\text{FAULT}}$  is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k – 10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to  $V_{\text{cc}} + 0.3\text{V}$ . A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
3. Laser output disabled on  $T_{\text{DIS}} > 2.0\text{V}$  or open, enabled on  $T_{\text{DIS}} < 0.8\text{V}$ .
4. Should be pulled up with 4.7k $\Omega$ - 10k $\Omega$  host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD\_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
5. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.
6. LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with 4.7k $\Omega$  – 10k $\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

## VI. Digital Diagnostic Functions

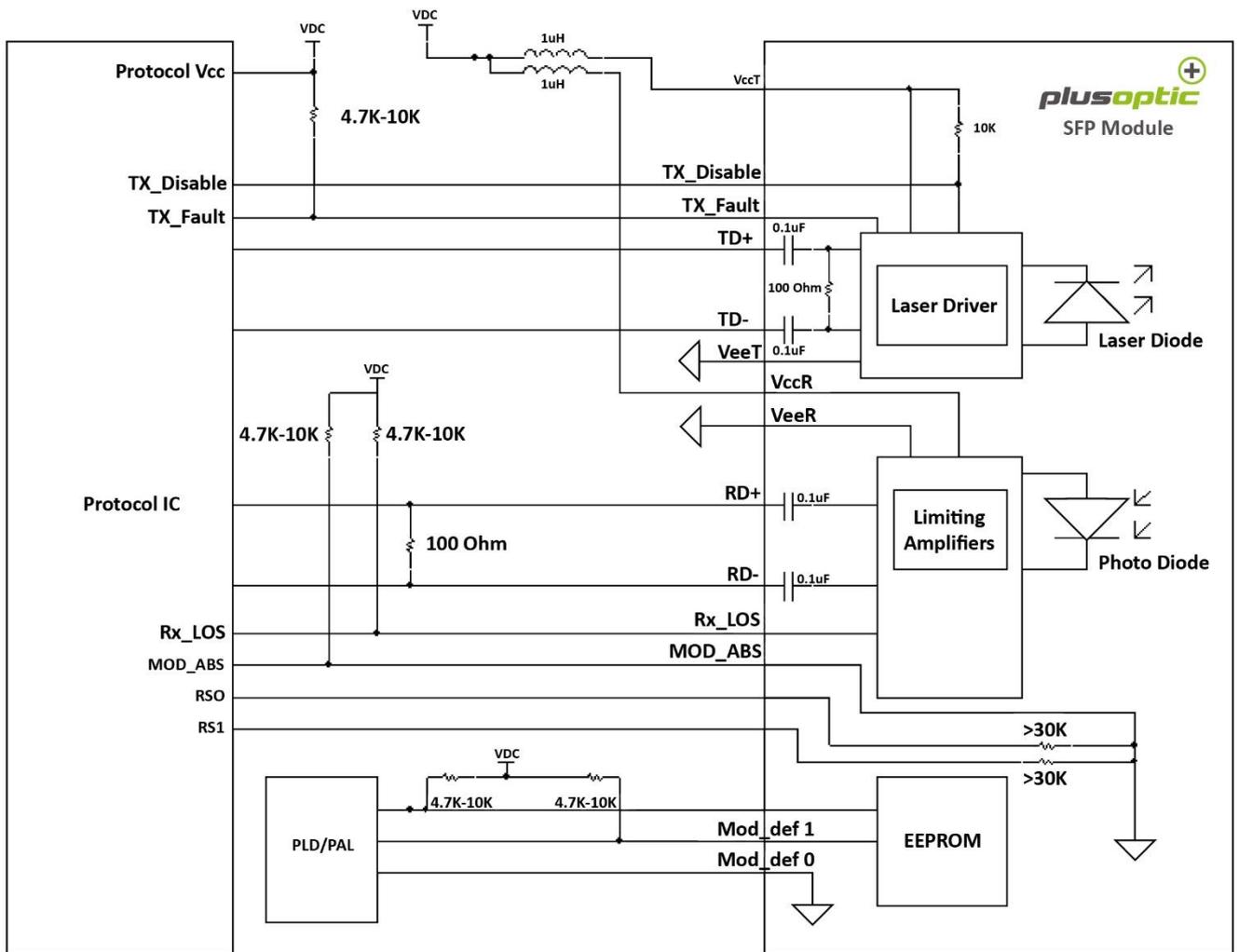
PLUSOPTIC SFP-10G-ZR-PLU transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP+ MSA. The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, PLUSOPTIC SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

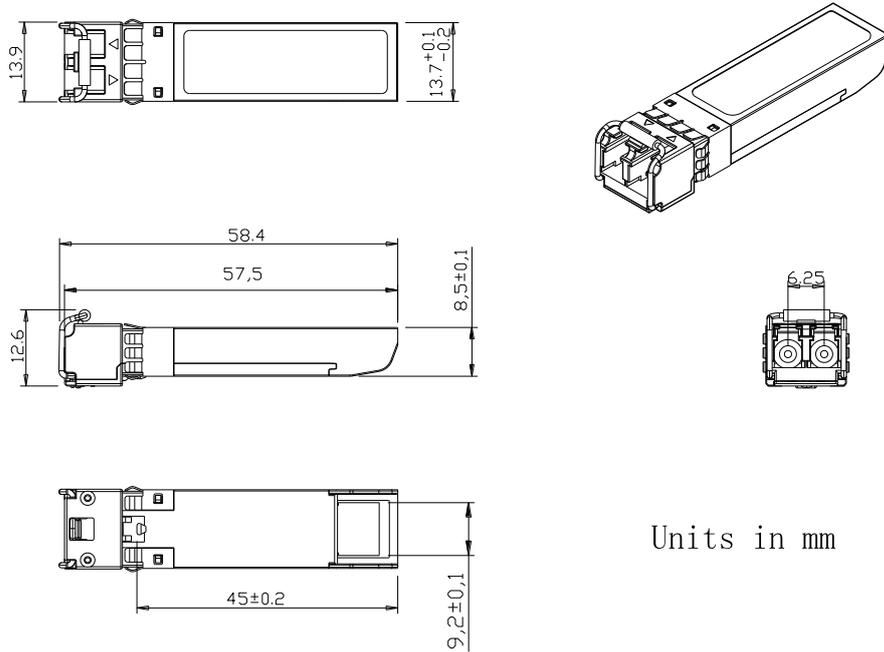
The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

## VII. Recommended Interface Circuit



### VIII. Outline Dimensions



Units in mm

### IX. Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards